

December 12, 2022



Virginia Retirement System Oversight Report

Commission Briefing

JLARC oversight of VRS

- Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Oversight Act* requires JLARC to
 - Oversee VRS on a continuing basis
 - Report on investments and other topics
 - Conduct actuarial analysis every four years
 - Publish a guide for legislators

*Code of Virginia, Title 30, Chapter 10.

In this presentation

Trust fund investments

Trust fund rates and funding Hybrid plan



Trust fund had –5% return over 1-year period but exceeded all benchmarks

- Assets = \$96.8 billion
- \$6.9 billion decrease over one-year period
- Total fund returns exceeded benchmarks for all periods

Investment returns and asset value as of September 30, 2022.



Trust fund performance exceeded benchmarks for all periods

Total fund	1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year	25-year
Return	-5.0%	7.5%	7.0%	7.9%	6.8%
Benchmark	-11.6	3.8	4.8	6.6	6.0
Excess return	+6.6	+3.7	+2.2	+1.3	+0.8

 Exceeded long-term return assumption (6.75%) for all but the 1year period

Returns as of September 30, 2022. Benchmarks are a blend of indexes holding similar types of investments.

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Performance exceeded benchmarks for nearly all asset classes

Asset class	1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year
Public equity	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	\checkmark
Private equity	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Real assets	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Credit strategies	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Fixed income	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Multi-asset public strategies	\checkmark	\checkmark	N/A	N/A
Private investment partnerships	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	N/A

 \checkmark = Return exceeded benchmark \diamondsuit = Return below benchmarkN/A = Not yet applicable

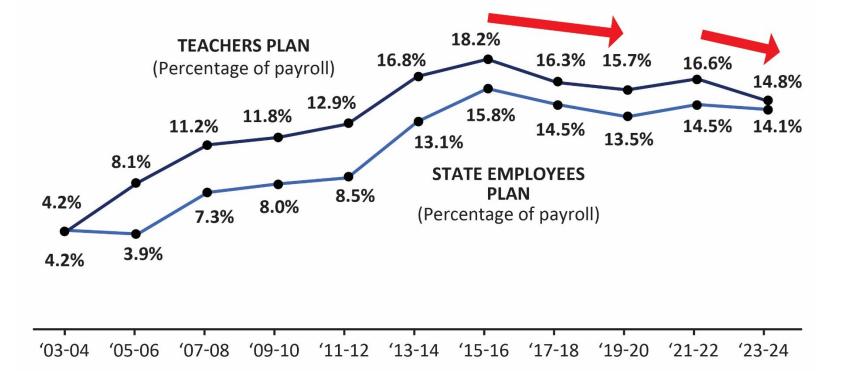
Performance as of September 30, 2022.

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Board-certified contribution rates continue a longer-term downward trend



Actual contribution rates were lower in some years prior to the 2017–2018 biennium because board-certified contribution rates were not always fully funded.



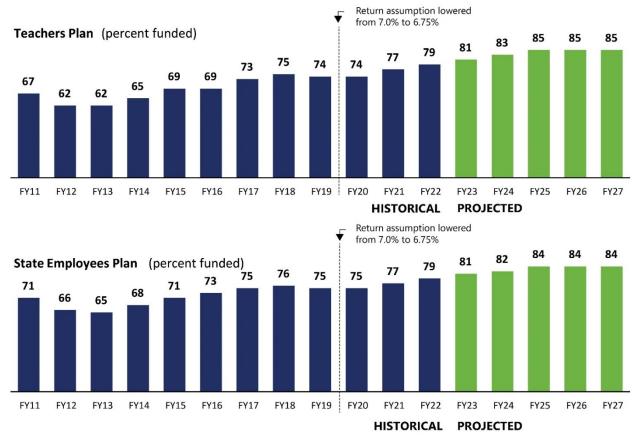
Appropriation Act maintained higher contribution rates despite decrease in board-certified rates

	FY23–FY24 Board-certified rates	FY23–FY24 Appropriation Act rates
Teachers	14.76%	16.62%
State employees	14.13	14.46

- 2022 Appropriation Act maintained higher FY21–FY22 rates for FY23–FY24 biennium
 - Could result in savings of \$500 million for Teachers plan and \$48 million for State Employees plan



Funded status of largest VRS plans increased because investment returns are smoothed over 5 years



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2022 Appropriation Act provided \$1 billion to help pay down pension liabilities

- \$750 million contributed in June 2022
 - Includes \$442 million for Teachers plan and \$219 million for State Employees plan
- Additional \$250 million scheduled to be provided in June 2023
 - Contingent on general fund revenues



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Proportion of Hybrid Plan members making voluntary contributions declined between automatic escalations

- 56 percent of participants making voluntary contributions (as of September 30, 2022)
 - Down from 79 percent (as of September 30, 2020)
- Voluntary contributions increase immediately after automatic rate escalations but decline as new members join plan
 - Last automatic rate escalation January 2020; next automatic rate escalation January 2023
- Changes to auto-enrollment and automatic escalations needed to maintain higher voluntary contribution rates

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