

FOSTER CARE

Improving Virginia's Foster Care System, 2018

Child health and safety ➤ The General Assembly may wish to include language in the Appropriation Act directing the Virginia Department of Social Services to thoroughly review all the information collected through the agency case reviews conducted in 2017 and 2018 by regional staff, re-communicate all serious case-specific or systemic safety-related concerns identified in past reviews to the relevant departments of social services, communicate such concerns to the relevant local boards of social services, and work with local department staff to resolve all identified safety problems. The commissioner should be directed to submit a letter to the House Health, Welfare and Institutions Committee and the Senate Rehabilitation and Social Services Committee certifying that all safety-related concerns identified in the 2017 and 2018 reports have been resolved no later than November 1, 2019. (Recommendation 1)

More effectively recruiting foster families ► The General Assembly may wish to include language in the Appropriation Act to direct the Virginia Department of Social Services (VDSS) to (i) determine the amount of funding necessary to implement the statewide strategic plan for recruiting and retaining foster parents; and (ii) identify all possible sources of funding that could be used to support statewide recruitment and retention efforts, including Title IV-E funds, limits on these funding sources, and general fund match requirements. VDSS could be required to submit its findings to the House Appropriations and Senate Finance Committees by November 1, 2019. (Recommendation 10)

Placing children in a more timely manner ► The General Assembly may wish to amend § 63.2-1305 of the Code of Virginia to create a state-funded Kinship Guardianship Assistance program that waives the requirement for potential guardians to serve as a licensed foster parents for six consecutive months and limit eligibility for this program to children who are least likely to be placed in a permanent home or who have been in foster care for an extended period of time. (Recommendation 15)

Placing children in a more timely manner ➤ The General Assembly may wish to amend § 16.1-282.1 of the Code of Virginia to require, for all permanency planning hearings after 15 months in foster care in which termination of parental rights (TPR) has not occurred, that the local departments of social services include the reason for not initiating TPR in the petition for the hearing. (Recommendation 17)



Placing children in a more timely manner ► The General Assembly may wish to include language in the Appropriation Act directing the Supreme Court of Virginia to evaluate the feasibility, costs, and effectiveness of the following options to expedite the appeals process for termination of parental rights (TPR) cases: (i) designate juvenile and domestic relations courts as courts of record for TPR hearings and send appeals directly to the court of appeals; (ii) originate TPR hearings in circuit courts; (iii) shorten the 90-day deadline for circuit courts to hold TPR hearings; (iv) establish a deadline for the court of appeals to hold TPR hearings; and (v) any other options that could expedite the appeals process for TPR cases. The executive secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia should submit the results of this evaluation to the House and Senate Courts of Justice Committees; the House Health, Welfare and Institutions Committee; and the Senate Rehabilitation and Social Services Committee by November 1, 2020. (Chapter 4) (Recommendation 18)

Ensuring effective casework ► The General Assembly may wish to consider including language in the Appropriation Act directing the Virginia Department of Social Services (VDSS) to review the feasibility and costs of establishing a standard for supervisory spans of control within Virginia's foster care system. VDSS should report its findings to the House Appropriations and Senate Finance Committees no later than November 1, 2020. (Recommendation 27)